

The Blind Beggar

by C.H. Spurgeon

Faith comes by hearing, and perseverance in prayer is essential to exercising our faith and receiving the blessings of God.

Duration: 39:15

Scripture: Psalm 40:3, Psalm 51:2, Psalm 103:3, Isaiah 35:5, Matthew 6:33, Mark 10:46-52, Luke 18:41

Topics: "Faith And Obedience", "Following Jesus"

Description

In this sermon, the preacher tells the story of a blind man who had his eyes opened by Jesus. The blind man was fixated on the idea of someone being able to open the eyes of the blind, and when he heard that the Messiah would do this, he believed that Jesus was the Messiah. When Jesus called him, the blind man eagerly came to him without hesitation. Jesus asked the blind man what he wanted, and the man simply asked to be able to see. Once his eyes were opened, the blind man's only desire was to continue seeing Jesus and follow him. The preacher uses this story to encourage the listeners to come to Jesus and seek him with the same eagerness and single-mindedness as the blind man.

Transcript

The Prince of Preachers Charles Haddon Spurgeon has been called England's greatest contribution to the spread of the gospel in the 19th century. One of his contemporaries said that the chief secret of Spurgeon's attractiveness was the fact that in every sermon, no matter what the text or the occasion, he explained the way of salvation in simple terms. Spurgeon's messages remain one of the great treasure houses of Christian literature, still bringing the light of the gospel and the comfort of the scriptures to hungry souls long after the preacher has passed into glory.

This is Charles Kelch inviting you to listen to a message from the Prince of Preachers. C. H. Spurgeon preached this message on August 7th, 1859, at the music hall of the Royal Surrey Gardens. It is entitled, The Blind Beggar.

The text is found in Mark chapter 10, verses 46 through 52. And they came to Jericho. And as he went out of Jericho with his disciples and a great number of people, blind Bartimaeus, the son of Timaeus, sat by the highway side, begging.

And when he heard that it was Jesus of Nazareth, he began to cry out and say, Jesus, thou son of David, have mercy on me! And many charged him that he should hold his peace. But he cried the more a great

deal, Thou son of David, have mercy on me! And Jesus stood still and commanded him to be called. And they called the blind man, saying unto him, Be of good comfort, rise, he calleth thee.

And he, casting away his garment, rose and came to Jesus. And Jesus answered and said unto him, What wilt thou that I should do unto thee? The blind man said unto him, Lord, that I might receive my sight. And Jesus said unto him, Go thy way, thy faith hath made thee whole.

And immediately he received sight and followed Jesus in the way. This poor man was beset with two great evils, blindness and poverty. It is sad enough to be blind, but if a man that is blind is in possession of riches, there are ten thousand comforts which may help to cheer the darkness of his eye and alleviate the sadness of his heart.

But to be both blind and poor, these were a combination of the sternest evils. One thinks it scarcely possible to resist the cry of a beggar whom we meet in the street if he is blind. We pity the blind man when he is surrounded with luxury, but when we see a blind man in want and following the beggar's trade in the frequented streets, we can hardly forbear stopping to assist him.

This case of Bartimaeus, however, is but a picture of our own. We are all by nature blind and poor. It is true we account ourselves able enough to see, but this is but one phase of our blindness.

Our blindness is of such a kind that it makes us think our vision perfect, whereas when we are enlightened by the Holy Spirit, we discover our previous sight to have been blindness indeed. Spiritually we are blind. We are unable to discern our lost estate, unable to behold the blackness of sin or the terrors of the wrath to come.

The unrenewed mind is so blind that it perceives not the all-attractive beauty of Christ. The sun of righteousness may arise with healing beneath His wings, but we are all in vain for those who cannot see His shining. Christ may do many mighty works in their presence, but they do not recognize His glory.

We are blind until He has opened our eyes. But besides being blind, we are also by nature poor. Our father Adam spent our birthright, lost our estates.

Paradise, the homestead of our race, has become dilapidated, and we are left in the depths of beggary without anything with which we may buy bread for our hungry souls or raiment for our naked spirits. Blindness and beggary are the lot of all men after a spiritual fashion till Jesus visits them in love. Look around, then, ye children of God.

Look around you this morning, and you shall see in this hall many a counterpart of poor blind Bartimaeus sitting by the wayside, begging. I hope there are many such come here who, though they be blind and naked and poor, nevertheless are begging, longing to get something more than they have, not content with their position. With just enough spiritual life and sensitiveness to know their misery, they have come up to this place begging.

O, that while Jesus passes by this day, they may have faith to cry aloud to Him for mercy! O, may His gracious heart be moved by their thrilling cry, Jesus, Thou Son of David, have mercy on me! O, may He turn and give sight unto such that they may follow Him and go on their way rejoicing. This morning I shall address myself most particularly to the poor and blind souls here today. The poor blind man's faith described in this passage of Scripture is a fit picture of the faith which, I pray God, you may be enabled to exert to the saving of your souls.

We shall notice the origin of his faith, how his faith perceived its opportunity when Jesus passed by. We shall listen to his faith while it cries and begs. We shall look upon his faith while it leaps in joyous obedience to the divine call.

And then we shall hear his faith describing his case. Lord, that I might receive my sight! And I trust we shall be enabled to rejoice together with this poor believing man when his sight is restored. As we see him in the beauty of thankfulness and gratitude, follow Jesus in the way.

First, then, we shall note the origin of this poor blind man's faith. He had faith, for it was his faith which obtained for him his sight. Now, where did he get it? We are not told in this passage how Bartimaeus came to believe Jesus to be the Messiah, but I think we may very fairly risk a conjecture.

It is quite certain that Bartimaeus did not come to believe in Christ from what he saw. Jesus had worked many miracles. Many eyes had seen and many hearts had believed because of what they saw.

Bartimaeus also believed, but certainly not as the result of his eyesight, for he was stone blind. No ray of light had ever burst into his soul. He was shut up in thick darkness and could see nothing.

How, then, was it that he came to believe? It certainly could not have been because he had travelled much through the country, for blind men stay at home. They care not to journey far. There is nothing they can see.

However fair the landscape, they cannot drink it in with their eyes. Whatever lovely spots others may behold, there are no attractions for their blank survey. They, therefore, stay at home.

And especially a mendicant like this. How should he travel? He would be perhaps unknown out of the city in which his father Timaeus had lived, even Jericho. He could not move the heart of strangers to charity, nor would he be likely to find a guide to conduct him throughout the dreary miles of that land.

He would be almost necessarily a poor blind stay-at-home. Then how did he acquire his faith? He thinks it might be in this fashion. On the nearest bank he could find outside Jericho, he sat begging in the sunlight.

For blind men always love to bask in the sun. Though they see nothing, there is a kind of glimmering that penetrates the visual organ, and they rejoice in it. At least they feel the heat of that great orb of day if they see not his light.

Well, as he sat there, he would hear the passers-by talking of Jesus of Nazareth. And as blind men are usually inquisitive, he would ask them to stay and tell him the story, some tale of what Jesus had done. And they would tell him how he raised the dead and healed the leper.

And he would say, I wonder if he can give sight to the blind. And one day it came to pass that he was told Jesus had restored to sight a man who had been born blind. This, indeed, was the great master story that the world has to tell, for it had never been so known before in Israel that a man who had been born blind should have his eyes opened.

I think I see the poor man as he hears the story. He drinks it in, claps his hands, and cries, Then there is yet hope for me! Mayhap the prophet will pass this way, and if he doth, oh, I will cry to him, I will beg him to open my eyes too. For if the worst case has been cured, then surely mine may be.

Many and many a day, as he sat there, he would call to the passerby again and say, Come, tell me the story of the man that was born blind, and of Jesus of Nazareth that opened his eyes. Perhaps he would even get tiresome, as blind men are wont. He must hear the story told him a hundred times over.

And always would there be a smile on the poor fellow's face when he heard the refreshing narrative. It never could be told too often, for he loved to hear it. To him it was like a cool, refreshing breeze in the heat of the burning sun.

Tell it to me, tell it me, tell it me again, says he, the sweet story of the man that opened the eyes of the blind. And methinks, as he sat all alone and unable to divert his mind with many things, he would always keep his heart fixed on that one narrative, and turn it over and over and over again, till in his daydreams he would half think he could see, and sometimes almost imagine that his own eyes were going to be opened too. Perhaps on one of those occasions, as he was turning over this in his mind, some text of scripture he had heard in the synagogue occurred to him.

He heard that Messiah should come to open the eyes of the blind, and quick in thought, having better eyes within than he had without, he came at once to the conclusion that the man who could open the eyes of the blind was none other than the Messiah. And from that day he was a secret disciple of Jesus. He might have heard him scoffed at, but he did not scoff.

How could he scoff at one who had opened the eyes of the blind? He might have heard many a passerby reviling Christ and calling him an imposter, but he could not join in the reviling. How could he be a deceiver who gave sight to poor blind men? I fancy this would be the cherished dream of his life. Perhaps for the two or three years of the Savior's ministry, the one thought of the poor blind man would be, Jesus of Nazareth opened the eyes of one that was blind.

That story which he had heard led him to believe Jesus must be the predicted Messiah. Now, O ye spiritually blind, ye spiritually poor, how is it that ye have not believed in Christ? Ye have heard the wondrous deeds which he has done. Faith cometh by hearing.

Ye have understood how one after another has been pardoned and forgiven. You have stood in the house of God and listened to the confession of the penitent and the joyous shout of the believer, and yet you believe not. You have journeyed up year after year to the sanctuary of God, and you have heard many stories, many a glorious narrative of the pardoning power of Christ.

And how is it, O ye spiritually blind, that ye have never thought on him? Why is it ye have not turned this over and over in your minds? This man receiveth sinners, and will he not receive me? How is it ye have not recollected that he who put away the sin of Paul and Magdalene can put away yours also? Surely if but one story told into the ear of a poor blind man could give him faith, if his faith came but by one hearing, how is it that though ye have heard many times that there was no salvation without faith in Christ and listened to many in earnest appeal, yet ye have not believed? Yet it may be I have among these poor blind men some here today that are simply believing. You have never yet laid hold of faith, but still in the depths of your soul there is a something which says, Yes, he is able to save me. I know he hath power to forgive.

Sometimes the voice speaks a little louder, and it cheers your heart with a thought like this. Go to him. He will not cast you away.

He hath never cast out one yet who did venture upon his power and goodness. Well, my dear hearer, if thou art in this plight, thou art happy, and I am a happy man to have the privilege of addressing thee. It shall not be long ere the faith within thee, which has been born by hearing, shall acquire strength enough to exercise itself to gain the blessing.

That is the first thing, the origin of the faith of poor blind Bartimaeus. It doubtless came by hearing. Now, in the next place, we shall notice his faith in its quickness at grasping the gracious opportunity.

Jesus had been through Jericho, and as he went into the city there was a blind man standing by the way, and Jesus healed him. Bartimaeus, however, seems to have resided at the other side of Jericho. Therefore, he did not get a blessing until Christ was about to leave it.

He is sitting down upon his customary spot by the wayside, where some friend has left him, that he might remain there all day and beg. And he hears a great noise and trampling of feet. He wonders what it is, and he asks the passerby, what is that noise? Why all this tumult? And the answer is, Jesus of Nazareth passeth by.

That is but small encouragement. Yet his faith had now arrived at such a strength that that was quite enough for him that Jesus of Nazareth passeth by. Unbelief would have said, He passes by, there is no healing for you.

He passes by, there is no hope of mercy. He is about to leave, and he takes no notice of you. Why, if you and I needed encouragement, we should want Christ to stand still.

We should need that someone should say, Jesus of Nazareth is standing still and looking for you. Ay, but this poor man's faith was of such a character that it could feed on any dry crust on which our puny little faith would have starved. He was like that poor woman who when she was repulsed said, Truth, Lord, I am but a dog.

Yet the dogs eat the crumbs which fall from the master's table. He only heard, Jesus of Nazareth passeth by. But that was enough for him.

It was a slender opportunity. He might have reasoned thus with himself. Jesus is passing by.

He is just going out of Jericho. Surely he cannot stay, now he is on a journey. Oh no, rather did he argue thus with himself.

If he is going out of Jericho, so much the more reason that I should stop him, for this may be my last chance. And therefore what unbelief would argue as a reason for stopping his mouth did but open it the wider. Unbelief might have said, he is surrounded by a great multitude of people.

He cannot get at you. His disciples are round about him too. He will be so busy in addressing them that he will never regard your feeble cry.

I said he, so much the greater reason then that I should cry with all my might. And he makes the very multitude of people become a fresh argument why he should shout aloud, Jesus of Nazareth, have mercy upon me. So however slender the opportunity, yet it encouraged him.

And now, my dear hearers, we turn to you again. Faith has been in your heart perhaps for many a day, but how foolish you have been. You have not availed yourself of encouraging opportunities as you might have

done.

How many times has Christ not only passed by, but stopped and knocked at your door and stood in your house. He has wooed and invited you, and yet you would not come. Still trembling and wavering, you durst not exercise the faith you have and risk the results and come boldly to him.

He has stood in your streets all these many years till the poor blind man's hair would have turned grey with age. He is standing in the street today. Today he addresses you and says, Sinner, come to me and live.

Today is mercy freely presented to you. Today is the declaration made, whosoever will, let him come and take of the water of life freely. You poor unbelieving heart, will you not, dare you not take advantage of the encouragement to come to him? Your encouragements are infinitely greater than those of this poor blind man.

Let them not be lost upon you. Come now, this very moment, cry aloud to him now. Ask him to have mercy upon you.

For now he not only passes by, but he presents himself with outstretched arms and cries, Come unto me, and I will give you rest, and life, and salvation. Such was the encouragement of this man's faith. And I would that something in the service this morning might give encouragement to some poor Bartimaeus who is sitting or standing here.

In the third place, having noticed how the faith of the blind man discovered and seized upon this opportunity, the passing by of the gracious Savior, we have to listen to the cry of faith. The poor blind man sitting there is informed that it is Jesus of Nazareth. Without a moment's pause or ado, he is up and begins to cry, Thou son of David, have mercy upon me! Thou son of David, have mercy on me! But he is in the middle of a fair discourse, and his hearers like not that he should be interrupted.

Hold thy tongue, blind man. Be gone, he cannot attend thee. Yet what does the narrative say about him? He cried the more a great deal.

Not only cried the more, but he cries a great deal more. Thou son of David, have mercy on me! Oh, says Peter, do not interrupt the master. What are you so noisy for? Thou son of David, have mercy on me! He repeats it again.

Remove him, says one. He interrupts the whole service. Take him away.

And so they try to move him. Yet he cries the more vigorously and vehemently. Thou son of David, have mercy on me! Thou son of David, have mercy on me! Methinks we hear his shout.

It is not to be imitated. No artist could throw into an utterance such vehemence or such emotion as this man would cast into it. Thou son of David, have mercy on me! Every word would tell.

Every syllable would suggest an argument. There would be the very strength and might and blood and sinew of that man's life cast into it. He would be like Jacob wrestling with the angel, and every word would be a hand to grasp him that he might not go.

Thou son of David, have mercy on me! We have here a picture of the power of faith. In every case, sinner, if thou wouldst be saved, thy faith must exercise itself in crying. The gate of heaven is to be opened only in one way, by the very earnest use of the knocker of prayer.

Thou canst not have thine eyes opened until thy mouth is opened. Open thy mouth in prayer, and he shall open thine eyes to see. So shalt thou find joy and gladness.

Mark U. When a man hath faith in the soul and earnestness combined with it, he will pray indeed. Call ye not those things prayers that ye hear read in the churches. Imagine not that those orations are prayers that you hear in our prayer meetings.

Prayer is something nobler than all these. That is prayer, when some poor soul in weighty trouble, fainting in a thirst, lifts up its screaming eyes and wrings its hands and beats its bosom and then cries, Thou Son of David, have mercy on me! Your cold orations will never reach the throne of God. It is the burning love of the soul that hath a furnace within, a very volcano of grief and sorrow.

It is that burning love of prayer that finds its way to God. No prayer ever reaches God's heart, which does not come from our hearts. Nine out of ten of the prayers which you listen to in our public services have so little zeal in them that if they obtained a blessing, it would be a miracle of miracles indeed.

My dear hearers, are you now seeking Christ in earnest prayer? Be not afraid of being too earnest or too persevering. Go to Christ this day. Agonize and wrestle with Him.

Beg Him to have mercy on you. And if He hear you not, go to Him again and again and again. Seven times a day call upon Him and resolve in your heart that you will never cease from prayer till the Holy Ghost hath revealed to your soul the pardon of sin.

When once the Lord brings a man to this resolve, I will be saved. If I perish, I will still go to the throne of grace and perish only there. That man cannot perish.

He is a saved man and shall see God's face with joy. The worst of us is we pray with a little spasmodic earnestness and then we cease. We begin again and then once more the fervor ceases and we leave off our prayers.

If we would get heaven, we must carry it not by one desperate assault, but by a continuous blockade. We must take it with a red-hot shot of fervent prayer, but this must be fired day and night until at last the city of heaven yields to us. The kingdom of heaven suffereth violence and the violent must take it by force.

Behold the courage of this man! He is hindered by many, but he will not cease to pray. So if the flesh, the devil, and your own hearts should bid you cease your supplication, never do so. But so much the more, a great deal, cry aloud, Thou son of David, have mercy on me! I must observe here the simplicity of this man's prayer.

He did not want a liturgy or a prayer book on this occasion. There was something he needed, and he asked for that. When we have our needs at hand, they will usually suggest the proper language.

I remember a remark of quaint old Bunyan speaking of those who make prayers for others. The Apostle Paul said he knew not what to pray for, and yet, says he, there are many infinitely inferior to the Apostle Paul who can write prayers, who not only know what to pray for and how to pray, but who know how other people should pray, and not only that, but who know how they ought to pray from the first day of January to the last of December. We cannot dispense with the fresh influence of the Holy Spirit suggesting words in which our needs may be couched.

And as to the idea that any form of prayer will ever suit an awakened and enlightened believer, or will ever be fit and proper for the lip of a penitent sinner, I cannot imagine it. This man cried from his heart the words that came first, the simplest which could possibly express his desire. Thou son of David, have mercy on me.

Go and do thou likewise, thou poor blind sinner, and the Lord will hear thee, as he did Bartimaeus. High over the buzz and noise of the multitude and the sound of the trampling of feet is heard a sweet voice which tells of mercy and of love and of grace. But louder than that voice is heard a piercing cry, a cry repeated many and many a time which gathers strength in repetition.

And though the throat that utters it be hoarse, yet does the cry wax louder and louder and stronger still, Jesus, thou son of David, have mercy on me. The master stops. The sound of misery and earnest to be relieved can never be neglected by him.

He looks around. There sits Bartimaeus. The Savior can see him, though he cannot see the Savior.

Bring him hither to me, saith he. Let him come to me, that I may have mercy on him. And now they who had bidden him hold his clamor change their note, and gathering around him they say, Be of good cheer.

Rise, he calleth thee. Ah, poor comforters! They would not sue them when he needed it. What cared he now for all they had to say? The master had spoken.

That was enough without their officious assistance. Nevertheless, they cry, Arise, he calleth thee. And they lead him, or are about to lead him, to Christ.

But he needs no leading. Pushing them aside, he hurls back the garment in which he wrapped himself at night, no doubt a ragged one. And casting that away, the blind man seems as if he really saw at once.

The sound guides him. And with a leap, leaving his cloak behind him, waving his hands for very gladness, there he stands in the presence of him who shall give him sight. We pause here to observe how eagerly he obeyed the call.

The master had but to speak, but to stand still, and commanded him to be called. And he comes. No pressure is needed.

Peter need not pull him by one arm and John by the other. No, he leaps forward and is glad to come. He calleth me, and shall I stand back? And now, my dear hearers, how many of you have been called under the sound of the ministry, and yet you have not come? Why is it? Did you think that Christ did not mean it when he said, Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest? Why is it that you still keep on at your labors and are still heavy laden? Why do you not come? O come, leap to him that calleth thee.

I pray you, cast away the raiment of your worldliness, the garment of your sin. Cast away the robe of your self-righteousness, and come, come away. Why is it that I bid you? Surely if you will not come at the Savior's bidding, you will not come at mine.

If your own stern necessities do not make you attend to his gracious call, surely nothing I can say can ever move you. O my poor blind brothers and sisters, you who cannot see Christ to be your Savior, you that are full of guilt and fear, he calleth you. Come, ye weary, heavy laden, lost and ruined by the fall.

Come, ye that have no hope, no righteousness, ye outcast, ye desponding, ye distressed, ye lost, ye ruined. Come, come today. Whoever will, in your ears today doth mercy cry, arise, he calleth thee.

O Savior, call ye them effectually. Call now, let the Spirit speak. O Spirit of the living God, bid the poor prisoner come and let him leap to lose his chains.

I know that which kept me a long time from the Savior was the idea that he had never called me. And yet when I came to him, I discovered that long ere that he had invited me, but I had closed my ear. I thought surely he had invited everyone else to him, but I must be left out, the poorest and the vilest of them all.

O sinner, if such be thy consciousness, then you are one to whom the invitation is specially addressed. Trust him now, just as thou art, with all thy sins about thee. Come to him and ask him to forgive thee.

Plead his blood and merits, and thou canst not, thou shalt not plead in vain. We proceed towards the conclusion. The man has come to Christ.

Let us listen to his suit. Jesus, with loving condescension, takes him by the hand, and in order to test him, and that all the crowd might see that he really knew what he wanted, Jesus said to him, What wilt thou that I should do unto thee? How plain the man's confession! Not one word too many. He could not have said it in a word less.

Lord, that I might receive my sight. There was no stammering here, no stuttering, no saying, Lord, I hardly know what to say. He just told it at once.

Lord, that I might receive my sight. Now, if there be a hearer in this house who has a secret faith in Christ, and who has heard the invitation this morning, let me beseech you, go home to your chamber, and there, kneeling by your bedside, by faith picture the Savior saying to you, What wilt thou that I should do unto thee? Fall on your knees, and without hesitation tell him all. Tell him you are guilty, and you desire that he would pardon you.

Confess your sins. Keep none of them back. Say, Lord, I implore thee, pardon my drunkenness, my profanity, or whatever it may be that I have been guilty of.

And then still imagine thou hearest him saying, What wilt thou that I should do unto thee? Tell him, Lord, I would be kept from all these sins in the future. I shall not be content with being pardoned. I want to be renewed.

Tell him thou hast a hard heart. Ask him to soften it. Tell him thou hast a blind eye, and that thou canst not see thine interest in Christ.

Ask him to open it. Confess before him thou art full of iniquity and prone to wander. Ask him to take thine heart and wash it, and then to set it upon things above, and suffer it no longer to be fond of the things of earth.

Tell it out plainly. Make a frank and full confession in his presence. And what if it should happen, my dear hearer, that this very day, while thou art in thy chamber, Christ should give thee the touch of grace, put thy sins away, save thy soul, and give thee the joy to know that thou art now a child of God, and now an heir of heaven.

Imitate the blind man in the explicitness and straightforwardness of his confession and his request, Lord, that I might receive my sight. Once again, how cheering the fact the blind man had no sooner stated his desire than immediately he received his sight! Oh, how he must have leaped in that moment! What joys must have rushed in upon his spirit! He saw not the menace trees walking, but he received his sight at once. Not a glimmer, but a bright full burst of sunlight fell upon his benighted eyeballs.

Some persons do not believe in instantaneous conversions. Nevertheless, they are facts. Many a man has come into this hall with all his sins about him, and ere he has left it, has felt his sins forgiven.

He has come here a hardened reprobate, but he has gone away from that day forth to lead a new life and walk in the fear of God. The fact is, there are many conversions that are gradual, but regeneration, after all, at least in the part of it called quickening, must be instantaneous, and justification is given to a man as swiftly as the flash of lightning. We are full of sin one hour, but it is forgiven in an instant, and sins past, present, and to come are cast to the four winds of heaven in less time than the clock takes to beat the death of a second.

The blind man saw immediately. And now what would you imagine this man would do as soon as his eyes were opened? Has he a father? Will he not go to see him? Has he a sister or brother, and will he not long to get to his household? Above all, has he a partner of his poor blind existence? Will he not seek her out to go and tell her that now he can behold the face of one who has so long loved and wept over him? Will he not now want to go and see the temple and the glories of it? Does he not now desire to look upon the hills and all their beauties, and behold the sea and its storms and all its wonders? No, there is but one thing that poor blind man now longs for. It is that he may always see the man who has opened his eyes.

He followed Jesus in the way. What a beautiful picture this is of a true convert. The moment his sins are forgiven, the one thing he wants to do is to serve Christ.

His tongue begins to itch to tell somebody else of the mercy he has found. He longs to go off to the next shop and tell some workfellow that his sins are all pardoned. He cannot be content.

He thinks he could preach now. Put him in the pulpit, and though there were ten thousand before him, he would not blush to say, He hath taken me out of the miry clay and out of the horrible pit, and set my feet upon a rock, and put a new song into my mouth, and established my goings. All he now asks is, Lord, I would follow Thee whithersoever Thou goest.

Let me never lose Thy company. Make my communion with Thee everlasting. Cause my love to increase.

May my service be continual. And in this life may I walk with Jesus. And in the world to come, all I ask is that I may live with Him.

You see the crowd going along now. Who is that man in the midst with face so joyous? Who is that man who has lost his upper garment? See, he wears the dress of a beggar. Who is he? You would not think there is any beggary about him.

For his step is firm and his eye glistens and sparkles and hearken to him. As he goes along, sometimes he is uttering a little hymn or song. At other times when others are singing, hearken to his notes, the loudest of them all.

Who is this man always so happy and so full of thankfulness? It is the poor blind Bartimaeus who once sat by the wayside begging. And do you see yonder man, his brother and his prototype? Who is it that sings so heartily in the house of God? And who, when he is sitting in that house or walking by the way, is continually humming to himself some strain of praise? Oh, it is that drunkard who has had his sins forgiven. It is that swearer who has had his profanity cleansed out.

It is she who was once a harlot but now is one of the daughters of Jerusalem. It is she who once led others to hell, who now washes her Redeemer's feet and wipes them with the hairs of her head. Oh, may God grant that this story of Bartimaeus may be written over again in your experience.

And may you all at last meet where the eternal light of God shall have chased away all blindness and where the inhabitants shall never say, I am sick. This message, The Blind Beggar, was preached by Charles Haddon Spurgeon on August 7th, 1859. This is Charles Kelsch inviting you to join me again for another message from The Prince of Preachers.

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